

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Article 31, Annex II as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier:

Product name: BLUESIL PASTE 7
UFI: QXU3-R0AK-100W-8DWW

Product No.: PRCO90000171

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Identified uses: Lubricant
Uses advised against: None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Manufacturer:

Elkem Siliconi Italia Srl
via Archimede, 602
I-21042 Caronno Pertusella
ITALY

Telephone: +39 (02) 964 141
Fax: +39 (02) 96450209

E-mail: fds.sil@elkem.com

Supplier:

Elkem Silicones (UK) Ltd
Wolfe Mead, Farnham Road
UK-GU35 0NH Bordon
UNITED KINGDOM

Telephone: +44 (0) 1420 477000

1.4 Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC United Kingdom (24h/24): +41 435082011 / National Poison Centre: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

The product has been classified according to the legislation in force.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Health Hazards:

Toxic to reproduction

Category 1B

H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

2.2 Label Elements:

Contains:

boric acid

Hazard pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard statements:	H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Precautionary Statements:	
Prevention:	P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response:	P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Disposal:	P501: Dispose of contents/ container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label information:	Restricted to professional users.
UFI:	QXU3-R0AK-100W-8DWW

2.3 Other hazards:

Physical Hazards:	No data available.
Health Hazards:	
Inhalation:	No data available.
Eye Contact:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.
Other Health Effects:	No data available.
Environmental Hazards:	No data available.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:	This substance/mixture contains components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Endocrine Disruption - Health:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Endocrine Disruption - Environment:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Other hazards:	No other information noted.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures:

General information:
Mixture of Polyorganosiloxanes, fillers.

Hazardous Component(s):

Chemical name	Concentration*	Type	CAS-No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Notes
boric acid	0,3 - <1%	Component	10043-35-3	233-139-2	01-2119486683-25-XXXX	##
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; [D4]	0,1 - <0,25%	Impurities	556-67-2	209-136-7	Not relevant.	# ## PBT, vPvB
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	0,1 - <1%	Impurities	541-02-6	208-764-9	Not relevant.	## vPvB

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

This substance is listed as SVHC.

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.

ED: Endocrine Disruptor

Classification:

Chemical name	Classification	Specific concentration limit: / ATE / M-Factor:	Notes
boric acid	Repr. 1B H360FD;		
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; [D4]	Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Repr. 2 H361f; Aquatic Chronic 1 H410;	Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): 10	
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	None known.		

The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information:

Move into fresh air and keep at rest. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

Inhalation:

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard. In case of inhalation: Move person into fresh air and keep at rest. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately. Contaminated clothing to be placed in closed container until disposal or decontamination. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact:

In the event of contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Personal Protection for First-aid Responders:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). Refer to sections 5 and 8 for information on emergency procedures and protective equipment.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Any important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11 (Toxicological information) of this SDS.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Notes to the physician:

No specific recommendations. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the attending physician.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water spray, foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Product will burn under fire conditions. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides, silicon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Special fire-fighting procedures:

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate to a safe location and contact the emergency services. Water spray should be used to cool containers.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Personnel not required or not equipped with personal protection should be evacuated from the area. Caution: Contaminated surfaces may be slippery. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Provide good ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors, mists or dusts. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Alert the Health, Safety & Environmental department of spill.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not release into the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Collect spillage. Use containment for a large spill. Notify relevant authorities if this material is released to the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Access to contaminated area only to authorized people. Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Shovel up and place in a container for salvage or disposal. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Never return the spilled product to its original container for reuse. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Container must be kept tightly closed. To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this material, use an appropriate solvent (see § 9). Flush area with plenty of water. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labeled container. Dispose of residue in accordance with regulations in force.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

Please observe the important information mentioned in the other sections. In particular, information on exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be found under sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Precautions:

Avoid inhalation of vapors/aerosols/dusts and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. If ventilation is insufficient, suitable respiratory protection must be provided. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Provide eyewash station and safety shower and ensure that their location are labelled conspicuously. Limit the quantities of product in the work area to those which are necessary for the work in hand. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Handle and open container with care. Protect from contamination. Do not mix with incompatible materials. For further information, refer to section 10: "Stability and Reactivity". Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces.

Hygiene measures:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Provide impermeable soil. Store in a dry place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep above the chemical's freezing point. Protect against physical damage and/or friction. Store away from incompatible materials. For further information, refer to section 10: "Stability and Reactivity".

Packaging frequently used at our sites:

Plastic lined steel drum. Suitable plastic material.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

No specific recommendations. See the technical data sheet on this product for further information.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control Parameters:

Occupational Exposure Limits:

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; [D4]

Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source	Date	Remarks
TWA	10 ppm 120 mg/m3	WEEL		

Monitoring methods:

Ensure workers' exposure monitoring in accordance with national and European regulations in force, in particular Directives 98/24/EC and 2004/37/EC.

8.2 Exposure controls:

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Engineering controls are always preferable to personal protective equipment. Control measures to consider: Provide adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Avoid inhalation of vapors/aerosols/dusts and contact with skin and eyes. Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to applicable standards, adapted to the conditions of use of the product and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection:	Safety glasses with side shields
Hand Protection:	<p>This recommendation is valid only for the product named in this safety data sheet supplied by us, and only for the indicated intended use purposes. In case this product will be mixed with other substances, you need to contact a supplier of CE approved protective gloves in order to determine the appropriate gloves.</p> <p>Prolonged or repeated contact: Material: Nitrile. Glove thickness: 1,25 mm Guideline: EN374-3 Additional Information: Gloves commonly used in Elkem's facilities.</p> <p>Short contact: Material: Nitrile / Neoprene Glove thickness: 0,198 mm Guideline: EN374-3 Additional Information: Gloves commonly used in Elkem's labs.</p>
Skin and Body Protection:	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. Isolate contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of splashes: Wear apron or special protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection:	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Breathing apparatus with combined filter type ABEK. Wear respiratory protection with combination filter (dust and gas filter) during operations leading to the formation of dust/aerosols.

Environmental Controls:

See sections 7 and 13 of the Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:	
Physical state:	Solid
Form:	Viscous paste
Color:	White
Odor:	Odorless
pH:	By definition, pH measurement consists in the determination of hydrogen ions concentration in solution, generally aqueous. Silicones products are hydrophobic and therefore, not soluble in water. By consequence, it is not possible to measure the pH value.

Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Boiling Point:	No data available.
Flash Point:	220 °C (Closed Cup)
Flammability:	No data available.
Flammability Limit - Upper (%):	No data available.
Flammability Limit - Lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	No data available.
Relative vapor density:	No data available.
Evaporation Rate:	No data available.
Density:	Approximate 0,99 kg/dm ³ (20 °C)
Solubility(ies):	
Solubility in Water:	Practically Insoluble
Solubility (other):	Acetone: Insoluble Alcohol: Insoluble Diethylether: Dispersible Aliphatic hydrocarbons: Dispersible Aromatic hydrocarbons: Dispersible Chlorinated solvents: Dispersible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Self-ignition:	> 400 °C
Decomposition Temperature:	No data available.
Kinematic viscosity:	No data available.
Particle characteristics:	
Particle Size:	Not applicable

9.2 Other information:

Oxidizing properties:	According to the data on the components Not considered as oxidizing. (evaluation by structure-activity relationship)
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:

No other information noted.

10.2 Chemical Stability:

Stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

No data available.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

No other information noted.

10.5 Incompatible Materials:

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute toxicity:

Oral:

Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Dermal:

Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Inhalation:

Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Repeated dose toxicity:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

NOAEL: 17,5 mg/kg ; LOAEL: 58,5 mg/kg ; (Rat ; Female, Male ; Feed (Oral)) ; Chronic exposure.

NOAEL: 0,47 mg/l ; (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation - dust and mist) ; Subchronic exposure.

NOAEL: >= 0,057 mg/l ; (Dog ; Female ; Inhalation - dust and mist) ; Subchronic exposure.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

NOAEL: 1,82 mg/l ; LOAEL: 8,5 mg/l ; (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation - vapour) ; Target Organ(s): Kidney ;

Method: Similar to OECD 453 ; Chronic exposure.

NOAEL: 960 mg/kg ; (Rabbit ; Female, Male ; Dermal) ; No treatment-related adverse effects observed ;

Method: Similar to OECD 410 ; Subacute exposure.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

An Expert Judgment stated that no classification is necessary based on present knowledge. NOAEL: 1 000 mg/kg ; (Rat ; Female, Male ; 90 d ; Oral) ; No treatment-related adverse effects observed ; Method: OECD 408

NOAEL: 2,42 mg/l ; (Rat ; Female, Male ; 2 yr ; Inhalation - vapour) ; No treatment-related adverse effects observed ; Method: OECD 453

NOAEL: 1 600 mg/kg ; (Rat ; Female, Male ; 28 d ; Dermal) ; No treatment-related adverse effects observed ; Method: OECD 410

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

Not irritating (Rabbit ; 24 h) ; Method: According to a standardised method.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

An Expert Judgment stated that no classification is necessary based on present knowledge. Not irritating (Rabbit) ; Method: Similar to OECD 404

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

Not Classified Not irritating (Rabbit ; 24 h) ; Method: OECD 404

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

Slightly irritating. (Rabbit ; 24 h) ; Method: OECD 405

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

An Expert Judgment stated that no classification is necessary based on present knowledge. Not irritating (Rabbit) ; Method: OECD 405

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Not Classified Not irritating (Rabbit) ; Method: OECD 405

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):
Skin sensitization: Not a skin sensitizer. (Guinea Pig) ; Method: OECD 406

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASIOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):
Skin sensitization: Not a skin sensitizer. (Guinea Pig) ; Method: OECD 406

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Skin sensitization: Not a skin sensitizer. ; Not a skin sensitizer. (Mouse) ; Method: OECD 429

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

In vitro: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):
Bacterial reverse mutation test: No mutagenic effect. (Salmonella typhimurium ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: OECD 471
In vitro gene mutations test on mammalian cells: No mutagenic effect. (Mouse lymphoma cells ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: OECD 476
In vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange (SCE) assay in mammalian cells: No mutagenic effect. (Chinese hamster ovary cells ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: According to a standardised method.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASIOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):
Bacterial reverse mutation test: No mutagenic effect. (Salmonella typhimurium ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: OECD 471
In vitro gene mutations test on mammalian cells: No mutagenic effect. (Mouse lymphoma cells ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: Similar to OECD 476
In vitro mammalian chromosomal aberration test: No clastogenic effect. (Chinese hamster ovary cells ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: Similar to OECD 473

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Bacterial reverse mutation test: No mutagenic components identified. (Salmonella typhimurium and Escherichia coli ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: OECD 471
In vitro gene mutations test on mammalian cells: No mutagenic components identified. (Mouse lymphoma cells ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: OECD 476
Chromosomal aberration: No clastogenic effect. (Chinese hamster lung cells ; with and without metabolic activation) ; Method: OECD 473

In vivo: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):
Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test: No mutagenic effect. (Mouse ; Gavage (Oral)) ; Method: OECD 474

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASIOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):
Mammalian bone marrow chromosomal aberration test: negative (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation) ; Method: Similar to OECD 475
Rodent dominant Lethal test: negative (Rat ; Female, Male ; Gavage (Oral)) ; Method: Similar to OECD 478

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test: negative (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation) ; Method: OECD 474
Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS) Test with mammalian liver cells in vivo: negative (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation) ; Method: OECD 486

Carcinogenicity:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):
NOEL: > 5 000 ppm (Mouse ; Feed (Oral)) ; Method: OECD 451

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):
Not classified
No effects expected. NOAEC: >= 8,492 mg/l (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation - vapor) ; Method: Similar to OECD 453 ; Chronic exposure.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Not classified
The product is not considered to be carcinogenic. NOAEC: >= 2,42 mg/l (Rat ; Female, Male ; 24 months ; Inhalation - vapor) ; Method: Similar to OECD 453 ; No carcinogenic effects relevant to humans.

Reproductive toxicity:

Fertility: Based on our knowledge of the composition information: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):
Fertility study 3 generations: NOAEL (parent): 17,5 mg/kg ; NOAEL (F1): 17,5 mg/kg ; NOAEL (F2): 17,5 mg/kg (Rat ; Feed (Oral)) ; Specific concentration limit: >=5.5%

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):
Suspected of damaging fertility.
Fertility study 2 generations: NOAEL (parent): 3,64 mg/l ; NOAEL (F1): 3,64 mg/l ; NOAEL (F2): None. (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation) ; Method: Similar to OECD 416 ; Effects on fertility

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Not classified
Fertility study 2 generations: NOAEL (parent): > 2,496 mg/l ; NOAEL (F1): > 2,496 mg/l ; NOAEL (F2): None. (Rat ; Female, Male ; Inhalation - vapor) ; Method: OECD 416 ; No adverse effect observed.

Teratogenicity: Based on our knowledge of the composition information: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):
NOAEL (terato): 9,6 mg/kg ; NOAEL (mater): 13,3 mg/kg (Rat ; Feed (Oral)) ; Method: OECD 414

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):
NOAEL (terato): > 8,492 mg/l ; NOAEL (mater): 3,64 mg/l (Rat ; Inhalation - vapor) ; Method: Similar to OECD 414 ; The product is not considered to be toxic for development.
NOAEL (terato): > 6,066 mg/l ; NOAEL (mater): 3,64 mg/l (Rabbit ; Inhalation - vapor) ; Method: Similar to OECD 414 ; The product is not considered to be toxic for development.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Not classified
NOAEL (terato): > 2 427 mg/l ; NOAEL (mater): > 2 427 mg/l (Rat ; Inhalation) ; Method: OECD 414 ; No adverse effect observed.
NOAEL (terato): > 2 427 mg/l ; NOAEL (mater): > 2 427 mg/l (Rabbit ; Inhalation) ; Method: OECD 414 ; No adverse effect observed.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard:

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

Not applicable

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No data available.

Other information:

None known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General information:

The maximum concentration of Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) in the aquatic environment is estimated to be below the established no-effect threshold (<0.0079 mg/l) for aquatic organisms (based on partition coefficient, tested on similar products).

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Fish: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

LC 50 (Pimephales promelas; 96 h ; Static) : 79,7 mg/l ; Method: According to a standardised method. ; Results obtained on a similar product.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss; 96 h ; Flow through) : > 0,022 mg/l ; Method: According to a standardised method.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss; 96 h ; Flow through) : > 0,016 mg/l ; Method: OECD 204
NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss; 96 h ; Flow through) : >= 0,016 mg/l ; Method: OECD 204

Aquatic Invertebrates: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

LC 50 (Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia); 48 h ; Static) : 91 mg/l ; Method: OECD 202

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna); 48 h ; Flow through) : > 0,015 mg/l ; Method: According to a standardised method.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna); 48 h ; Flow through) : > 0,0029 mg/l ; Method: OECD 202

NOEC (Water flea (Daphnia magna); 48 h ; Flow through) : >= 0,0029 mg/l ; Method: OECD 202

Aquatic plants: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

EC 50 (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata); 72 h ; Static) : 52,4 mg/l ; Method: OECD 201

NOEC (growth rate) (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata); 72 h ; Static) : 17,5 mg/l ; Method: OECD 201

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

ErC50 (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata); 96 h) : > 0,022 mg/l ; Method: According to a standardised method.

ErC10 (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata); 96 h) : >= 0,022 mg/l ; Method: According to a standardised method.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

EC 50 (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata); 96 h ; Static) : > 0,012 mg/l ; Method: OECD 201

NOEC (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata); 96 h ; Static) : >= 0,012 mg/l ; Method: OECD 201

Toxicity to microorganisms: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

EC 50 (3 h) : > 10 000 mg/l

Chronic Toxicity:

Fish: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

NOEC (Zebra danio (Danio rerio); 34 d ; semi-static) : 6,4 mg/l ; Method: OECD 210

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss; 93 d ; Flow through) : >= 0,0044 mg/l ; Method: According to a standardised method.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss; 90 d ; Flow through) : >= 0,014 mg/l ; Method: OECD 210

Aquatic Invertebrates: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

NOEC (Water flea (Daphnia magna); 21 d ; semi-static) : 10,8 mg/l ; Method: OECD 211

EC 10 (Water flea (Daphnia magna); 21 d ; semi-static) : 17,7 mg/l ; Method: OECD 211

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

NOEC (Water flea (Daphnia magna); 21 d ; Flow through) : >= 0,015 mg/l ; Method: According to a standardised method.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

NOEC (Water flea (Daphnia magna); 21 d ; semi-static) : >= 0,015 mg/l ; Method: OECD 211

12.2 Persistence and Degradability:

Biodegradation: Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

3,7 % (activated sludge and sewage, soil ; 28 d) ; Method: OECD 310 ; The product is not considered to be readily biodegradable.

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

0,14 % (28 d) ; The product is not readily biodegradable.

BOD/COD Ratio: No data available.

12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential:**

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): < 0,1

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 14 900 (Fathead Minnow) ; Method: OECD 305 ; Not bioaccumulable based on the depuration rate constant

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 16 200 (Pimephales promelas) ; Method: OECD 305 ; The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

Log Kow: 0,175

Log Kow: -1,09 (22 °C)

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

Log Kow: 5,10

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

Log Kow: 8,02 (25,3 °C) ; Method: OECD 123

12.4 **Mobility in soil:**

No data available.

12.5 **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:**

Based on our knowledge of the composition information:

BORIC ACID (10043-35-3):

Not applicable

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE; [D4] (556-67-2):

Meets PBT (persistent/bioaccumulative/toxic) criteria. (REACH (1907/2006) Ax XIII)

Meets vPvB criteria (REACH (1907/2006) Ax XIII)

DECAMETHYLCYCLOPENTASILOXANE (541-02-6):

Meets vPvB criteria (REACH (1907/2006) Ax XIII)

12.6 **Endocrine disrupting properties:**

No data available.

12.7 **Other adverse effects:**

None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Do not empty into drains. The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of local regulations regarding disposal. Please observe the important information mentioned in the other sections. In particular, information on hazards identification and product stability and reactivity under sections 2 and 10.

Disposal methods:

Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. Incinerate in suitable combustion chamber.

Contaminated Packaging:

Contaminated packages should be as empty as possible. Recycle following cleaning or dispose of at an authorised site. Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of in the same way as the product it contained.

Waste code:

The waste code of the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) cannot be determined for this product, as its determination depends on how the material is used by the end-users. The waste code has to be determined within the EU in agreement with the waste-disposal operator.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

Not Regulated.

ADN

Not Regulated.

RID

Not Regulated.

IMDG / IMO

Not Regulated.

IATA

Not Regulated.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

EU Regulations:

Regulation 1005/2009/EC on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I, Controlled Substances: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation 1005/2009/EC on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex II, New Substances: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

EU. Regulation 2019/1021/EU on persistent organic pollutants (POPs) (recast), as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

EU. Directive 2010/75/EU on Industrial Emissions (IPPC), Annex II, L 334/17:

Chemical name	CAS-No.
boric acid	10043-35-3
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; [D4]	556-67-2

EU. REACH Annex XIV, Substances Subject to Authorization: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

EU. REACH Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization (SVHC):

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration	Additional Information
boric acid	10043-35-3	0,3 - 1,0%	Toxic for reproduction
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; [D4]	556-67-2	0,1 - 0,25%	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT)
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	0,1 - 1,0%	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use:
 The packaging shall be visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows:
 Restricted to professional users.

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Entry No:	Concentration:
boric acid	10043-35-3	30 75 75 28 3	0,3 - 1,0%
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; [D4]	556-67-2	70	0,1 - 0,25%
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	70	0,1 - 1,0%

Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work:

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
boric acid	10043-35-3	0,3 - 1,0%
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; [D4]	556-67-2	0,1 - 0,25%

EU. Regulation No. 166/2006 PRTR (Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry), Annex II: Pollutants: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Inventory Status:

Australia Industrial Chem. Act (AIC):	On or in compliance with the inventory.
Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
Japan (ENCS) List:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	On or in compliance with the inventory.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
Philippines PICCS:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
Thailand DIW Existing Chemical Inv. List:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory.
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	On or in compliance with the inventory.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Information:

SECTION 2: Modification: UFI

Abbreviations and acronyms:

CLP: Regulation No. 1272/2008.
 PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
 vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
 NOAEL - No Observable Adverse Effect Level
 LOAEL - Lowest Observable Adverse Effect Level
 ED: Endocrine Disruptor
 SVHC: Listed on the Candidate List of substances of very high concern (SVHC)

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.	Classification procedure
Toxic to reproduction ; Category 1B ; H360FD	Calculation method

Wording of the H-statements in section 2 and 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Disclaimer:

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials. The information is believed to be correct. It is given in good faith. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.